Course at a Glance

Plan

The Course at a Glance provides a useful visual organization of the AP Calculus AB and AP Calculus BC curricular components, including:

- Sequence of units, along with approximate weighting and suggested pacing.
 Please note, pacing is based on 45-minute class periods, meeting five days each week for a full academic year.
- Progression of topics within each unit.
- Spiraling of the big ideas and mathematical practices across units.

Teach

MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

Mathematical practices spiral throughout the course.

I Implementing
Justification



BC ONLY The purple shading represents BC only content.

Assess

Assign the Personal Progress Checks—either as homework or in class—for each unit. Each Personal Progress Check contains formative multiplechoice and free-response questions. The feedback from the Personal Progress Checks shows students the areas where they need to focus.

| Limits and Continuity | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| AP EXA WEIGHTIN CLASS PERIOD | MG 10-12% AB 4-7% BC | | | |
| CHA 1.1 2 | Introducing Calculus: Can Change Occur at an Instant? | | | |
| LIM 1.2 2 | Defining Limits and Using Limit Notation | | | |
| LIM 1.3 2 | Estimating Limit Values from Graphs | | | |
| LIM 1.4 2 | Estimating Limit Values from Tables | | | |
| LIM 1.5 | Determining Limits Using Algebraic Properties of Limits | | | |
| LIM 1.6 | Determining Limits Using Algebraic Manipulation | | | |
| LIM 1.7 | Selecting Procedures for Determining Limits | | | |
| LIM 1.8 | Determining Limits Using the Squeeze Theorem | | | |
| LIM 1.9 | Connecting Multiple Representations of Limits | | | |
| LIM 1.10 3 | Exploring Types of Discontinuities | | | |
| LIM 1.11 3 | Defining Continuity at a Point | | | |
| LIM 1.12 | Confirming Continuity over an Interval | | | |
| LIM 1.13 | Removing Discontinuities | | | |
| 3 3 | Connecting Infinite Limits and Vertical Asymptotes | | | |
| LIM 1.15 2 | Connecting Limits at Infinity and Horizontal Asymptotes | | | |
| FUN 1.16 | Working with the Intermediate Value Theorem (IVT) | | | |
| | | | | |

Personal Progress Check 1

Multiple-choice: ~45 questions Free-response: 3 questions (partial)

| Differentiation: Definition and Basic Derivative Rules | | | | |
|---|---------|--|--|--|
| WE | AP EXAN | б 10-12% ав 4-7% вс | | |
| CLASS | PERIOD | ⁶ ~13-14 _{АВ} ~9-10 вс | | |
| CHA 2 | 2.1 | Defining Average and Instantaneous Rates of Change at a Point | | |
| CHA 1 4 | 2.2 | Defining the Derivative of a Function and Using Derivative Notation | | |
| CHA 1 | 2.3 | Estimating Derivatives of a Function at a Point | | |
| FUN 3 | 2.4 | Connecting Differentiability and Continuity: Determining When Derivatives Do and | | |
| FUN 1 | 2.5 | Do Not Exist Applying the Power Rule | | |
| FUN 1 | 2.6 | Derivative Rules: Constant, Sum, Difference, and Constant Multiple | | |
| FUN LIM 1 | 2.7 | Derivatives of $\cos x$, $\sin x$, e^x , and $\ln x$ | | |
| FUN 1 | 2.8 | The Product Rule | | |
| FUN 1 | 2.9 | The Quotient Rule | | |
| FUN 1 | 2.10 | Finding the Derivatives of Tangent, Cotangent, Secant, and/or Cosecant Functions | | |

Personal Progress Check 2

Multiple-choice: ~30 questions Free-response: 3 questions (partial)

NOTE: Partial versions of the free-response questions are provided to prepare students for more complex, full questions that they will encounter on the AP Exam.

| Differentiation: Composite, Implicit, and Inverse Functions |
|--|
| AP EXAM WEIGHTING 9–13% AB 4–7% BC |
| CLASS PERIODS ~10-11 AB ~8-9 BC |
| FUN 3.1 The Chain Rule |
| FUN 3.2 Implicit Differentiation |
| FUN3.3 Differentiating Inverse3Functions |
| FUN3.4 Differentiating Inverse Trigonometric Functions |
| FUN3.5 Selecting Procedures for Calculating Derivatives |
| FUN 3.6 Calculating Higher- Order Derivatives |
| |

| UN | T | Contextua Applicatio Differenti | al ons of ation |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| A WEI CLASS P | P EXAM GHTING ERIODS | 10-15 [%] ав ~10-11 ав | 6-9 [%] вс ~6-7 вс |
| CHA 1 | 4.1 | Interpreting the Meaning of the Derivative in Co | e ontext |
| CHA 1 | 4.2 | Straight-Line Motion: Conne Position, Veloc Acceleration | cting ity, and |
| CHA 2 | 4.3 | Rates of Chang Applied Contex Than Motion | e in tts Other |
| CHA 1 | 4.4 | Introduction to Rates | Related |
| CHA 3 | 4.5 | Solving Related Problems | l Rates |
| CHA 1 | 4.6 | Approximating of a Function U Local Linearity Linearization | Values Ising and |
| LIM 3 | 4.7 | Using L'Hospit for Determining of Indeterminat | al's Rule y Limits te Forms |
| | | | |

| | 5 | Analytical Applications of Differentiation |
|---------------|--------------------------------|--|
| CLASS | AP EXAN EIGHTING PERIOD: | 43 15-18% ав 8-11% вс 5 ~15-16 ав ~10-11 вс |
| FUN 3 | 5.1 | Using the Mean Value Theorem |
| FUN 3 | 5.2 | Extreme Value Theorem, Global Versus Local Extrema, and Critical Points |
| FUN 2 | 5.3 | Determining Intervals on Which a Function Is Increasing or Decreasing |
| FUN 3 | 5.4 | Using the First Derivative Test to Determine Relative (Local) Extrema |
| FUN 1 | 5.5 | Using the Candidates Test to Determine Absolute (Global) Extrema |
| FUN 2 | 5.6 | Determining Concavity of Functions over Their Domains |
| FUN 3 | 5.7 | Using the Second Derivative Test to Determine Extrema |
| FUN 2 | 5.8 | Sketching Graphs of Functions and Their Derivatives |
| FUN 2 | 5.9 | Connecting a Function, Its First Derivative, and Its Second Derivative |
| FUN 2 | 5.10 | Introduction to Optimization Problems |
| FUN 3 | 5.11 | Solving Optimization Problems |
| FUN 1 3 | 5.12 | Exploring Behaviors of Implicit Relations |

Personal Progress Check 3

Multiple-choice: ~15 questions Free-response: 3 questions (partial/full)

Personal Progress Check 4

Multiple-choice: ~15 questions Free-response: 3 questions

Personal Progress Check 5

Multiple-choice: ~35 questions Free-response: 3 questions

| UN | ит 6 | Integration and Accumulation of Change |
|---------------|---------|---|
| WE CLASS I | AP EXAN | 4 17-20 [%] ав 17-20 [%] вс • ~18-20 ав ~15-16 вс |
| CHA 4 | 6.1 | Exploring Accumulations of Change |
| LIM 1 | 6.2 | Approximating Areas with Riemann Sums |
| LIM 2 | 6.3 | Riemann Sums, Summation Notation, and Definite Integral Notation |
| FUN 1 | 6.4 | The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and Accumulation Functions |
| FUN 2 | 6.5 | Interpreting the Behavior of Accumulation Functions Involving Area |
| FUN 3 | 6.6 | Applying Properties of Definite Integrals |
| FUN 3 | 6.7 | The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and Definite Integrals |
| FUN 4 | 6.8 | Finding Antiderivatives and Indefinite Integrals: Basic Rules and Notation |
| FUN 1 | 6.9 | Integrating Using Substitution |
| FUN 1 | 6.10 | Integrating Functions Using Long Division and Completing the Square |
| FUN 1 | 6.11 | Integrating Using Integration by Parts BC ONLY |
| FUN 1 | 6.12 | Using Linear Partial Fractions BC ONLY |
| LIM 1 | 6.13 | Evaluating Improper Integrals bc only |
| FUN 1 | 6.14 | Selecting Techniques for Antidifferentiation |

| 7 Differential Equations | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| АР ЕХАМ WEIGHTING 6-12% AB 6-9% вс | | | | |
| FUN 2 | 7.1 I V | Modeling Situat with Differentia Equations | tions l | |
| FUN 3 | 7.2 \ I | Verifying Soluti Differential Equ | ons for ations | |
| FUN 2 | 7.3 🕻 | Sketching Slop | e Fields | |
| FUN 4 | 7.4 I | Reasoning Usin Fields | ig Slope | |
| FUN 1 | 7.5 / S | Approximating Solutions Using Method вс онгу | g Euler's | |
| FUN 1 | 7.6 I | Finding Genera Solutions Using Separation of V | l J ariables | |
| FUN 1 | 7.7 I S I | Finding Particu Solutions Using Initial Condition Separation of V | lar J ns and ariables | |
| FUN 3 | 7.8 H V H | Exponential Mo with Differentia Equations | dels 1 | |
| FUN 3 | 7.9 I I | Logistic Models Differential Equ BC ONLY | s with ations | |

| 8 | | of Integration |
|------------|------|--|
| AF WEIG | EXAN | б 10-15% ав 6-9% вс |
| CLASS PE | RIOD | ^в ~19-20 ав ~13-14 вс |
| CHA 1 | 8.1 | Finding the Average Value of a Function on an Interval |
| CHA 1 | 8.2 | Connecting Position, Velocity, and Acceleration of Functions Using Integrals |
| СНА 3 | 8.3 | Using Accumulation Functions and Definite Integrals in Applied Contexts |
| 4 | 8.4 | Finding the Area Between Curves Expressed as Functions of x |
| CHA 1 | 8.5 | Finding the Area Between Curves Expressed as Functions of y |
| СНА 2 | 8.6 | Finding the Area Between Curves That Intersect at More Than Two Points |
| СНА 3 | 8.7 | Volumes with Cross Sections: Squares and Rectangles |
| СНА 3 | 8.8 | Volumes with Cross Sections: Triangles and Semicircles |
| 3 3 | 8.9 | Volume with Disc Method: Revolving Around the <i>x</i> - or <i>y</i> -Axis |
| CHA 2 | 8.10 | Volume with Disc Method: Revolving Around Other Axes |
| CHA 4 | 8.11 | Volume with Washer Method: Revolving Around the <i>x</i> - or <i>y</i> -Axis |
| CHA 2 | 8.12 | Volume with Washer Method: Revolving Around Other Axes |
| СНА 3 | 8.13 | The Arc Length of a Smooth, Planar Curve and Distance Traveled BC ONLY |

Applications

UNIT

Personal Progress Check 6

Multiple-choice: • ~25 questions (AB) • ~35 questions (BC) Free-response: 3 questions

Personal Progress Check 7

Multiple-choice: • ~15 questions (AB) • ~20 questions (BC) Free-response: 3 questions

Personal Progress Check 8

Multiple-choice: ~30 questions Free-response: 3 questions

| UNIT 9 | T | Parametr Equation Coordina Vector-Va Function | ic s, Polar tes, and lued s вс омцу | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| AP WEIGI | AP EXAM WEIGHTING N/A AB 11–12% BC | | | | |
| CHA 2 | 9.1 I I H | Defining and Differentiation Parametric E | l ng Equations | | |
| CHA 1 | 9.2 S C H | Second Deri of Parametri Equations | vatives c | | |
| CHA 1 | 9.3 H c h H | Finding Arc of Curves Gi by Parametr Equations | Lengths iven ic | | |
| CHA 1 | 9.4 I I V | Defining and Differentiation Valued Func | l ng Vector- ttions | | |
| FUN 1 | 9.5 I \ | ntegrating V Jalued Func | Vector- ttions | | |
| FUN 1 | 9.6 S H H | Solving Mot Problems Us Parametric a Jalued Func | ion sing und Vector- ttions | | |
| FUN 2 | 9.7 I (I H | Defining Pol Coordinates Differentiatin Polar Form | ar and ng in | | |
| CHA 3 | 9.8 H H H | Find the Are Region or th Bounded by Polar Curve | a of a Polar e Area a Single | | |
| CHA 3 | 9.9 H H | Finding the Region Bour Fwo Polar C | Area of the nded by urves | | |

| U | NIT 0 | Infinite Sequenc Series Bo | es and |
|---------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|
| w | AP EXAN EIGHTING | ми N/А ав | 17–18 % вс |
| CLASS | PERIOD | ^в N/А ав м | ·17–18 вс |
| LIM 3 | 10.1 | Defining Conv and Divergent Series | ergent Infinite |
| LIM 3 | 10.2 | Working with Geometric Ser | ries |
| LIM 3 | 10.3 | The <i>n</i> th Term Divergence | Test for |
| LIM 3 | 10.4 | Integral Test f Convergence | or |
| LIM 3 | 10.5 | Harmonic Seri <i>p</i> -Series | es and |
| LIM 3 | 10.6 | Comparison T Convergence | 'ests for |
| LIM 3 | 10.7 | Alternating Se for Convergen | eries Test Ice |
| LIM 3 | 10.8 | Ratio Test for Convergence | |
| LIM 3 | 10.9 | Determining A or Conditional Convergence | bsolute |
| LIM 1 | 10.10 | Alternating Se Error Bound | eries |
| LIM 3 2 | 10.11 | Finding Taylo Polynomial Approximation of Functions | r ns |
| LIM 1 | 10.12 | Lagrange Erro | or Bound |
| LIM 2 | 10.13 | Radius and In of Convergence Power Series | terval :e of |
| LIM 2 | 10.14 | Finding Taylo Maclaurin Ser a Function | r or ies for |
| LIM 3 | 10.15 | Representing Functions as Power Series | |

Personal Progress Check 9

Multiple-choice: ~25 questions Free-response: 3 questions

Personal Progress Check 10

Multiple-choice: ~45 questions Free-response: 3 questions